

Prediction of decay modes of $Z=128$ superheavy nuclei within the mass range $301 \leq A \leq 338$

Usuf Rahaman* and M. Ikram

Department of Physics, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh-202002, India.

Introduction

In the 1930s, the first scientific attempt to synthesize superheavy nuclei (SHN) was made by E. Fermi in Rome and O. Hahn, L. Meitner, and F.W. Straßmann in Berlin. They tried to use the neutron capture process to produce transuranium elements [1]. Until now, the synthesis of SHN with $Z=110-113$ [2, 3] by using cold-fusion reactions and with $Z=113-118$ [4–6] by ^{48}Ca -induced complete fusion reactions have been made. α -decay and spontaneous fission (SF) are major modes of decay in SHN while some nuclei in the neutron-rich region show β -decay also. The process of α -decay is described by quantum tunneling of an alpha particle through the Coulomb barrier. However, the phenomenon of SF occurs due to large uncertainties involved in masses, charges of the two fragments and energy released during the process. The α -decay and SF half-lives are considered to be the experimental signatures for identification of SHN. In this connection, we tried to predict possible modes of decay of $Z=128$ within the mass range $301 \leq A \leq 338$ by analyzing the competition between α -decay, β -decay, and SF.

Formalism

We have employed axially deformed relativistic mean field (RMF) theory using NL3 effective force to calculate binding energies which in turn are used to compute the decay energies. Decay energies Q_α and Q_β , are used as input for estimating the α -decay and β -decay half-lives for the considered isotopic chain of the superheavy nuclei. The α -decay half-lives are calculated us-

ing semi-empirical relation by Viola-Seaborg-Sobiczewski (VSS) [7], Royer [9], Brown [8] and Ni *et al.* [10]. Another relation based on generalized liquid drop model (GLDM), proposed by Dasgupta-Schubert and Reyes [11], is also used to calculate α -decay half-lives. The estimation of SF half-life is carried out using the phenomenological formula proposed by Ren *et al.* [12]. The prediction of β -decay half-life is made using the empirical formula put forth by Fiset and Nix [13].

Results and Conclusion

A comparative study of alpha decay, beta decay and spontaneous fission is made for isotopic chain of $Z=128$ in the mass range 301 to 338 using the semiempirical relations mentioned in the above section. FIG. 1 and TABLE I depict the comparison of the calculated alpha decay, beta decay, and spontaneous fission half-lives against the mass number of the considered chain of isotopes of $Z=128$ SHN. From the calculations, it is obvious that the α -decay is the principal decay mode in the mass range 301 to 317 and 322 to 332. Alpha decay predicted by the phenomenological formulae are in good agreement with each other and also show a reasonable agreement with the predictions of finite range droplet model (FRDM) [14]. The nuclei with $A=318-321$ are found to prefer β -decay over other two decay modes. Beyond mass region $A \geq 333$, SF becomes the dominant mode of decay due to the heavy mass number of the isotopes. The present calculation suggests that there is a possibility to synthesize the $Z=128$ superheavy nuclei by observing the α -decay and β -decay.

References

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*Electronic address: urahaman@myamu.ac.in

TABLE I: Decay energies (in MeV) and half-lives of α -decay, β -decay and spontaneous fission for $Z = 128$ isotopic chain and prediction of the mode of decays is given.

Nuclei	Q_{α}^{RMF}	$\log(T_{1/2}^{\alpha})$ FRDM	$\log(T_{1/2}^{\alpha})$					$\log(T_{1/2}^{SF})$ Ren-Xu	Q_{β}^{RMF}	$\log(T_{1/2}^{\beta})$ Fiset-Nix	Mode of decay
			VSS	Royer	GLDM	Brown	Ni et. al.				
301 ₁₂₈	15.38	—	-8.28	-8.45	-8.330	-8.590	-9.180	> 31	10.699	-0.507	α
302 ₁₂₈	16.49	—	-9.51	-8.59	-9.380	-8.780	-10.070	> 31	10.408	0.062	α
303 ₁₂₈	16.53	—	-8.50	-8.64	-8.590	-8.860	-9.370	> 31	10.105	-0.362	α
304 ₁₂₈	16.56	—	-9.63	-8.69	-9.530	-8.930	-10.170	> 31	9.800	0.214	α
305 ₁₂₈	16.57	—	-8.56	-8.69	-8.680	-8.950	-9.430	> 31	9.482	-0.201	α
306 ₁₂₈	16.58	—	-9.65	-8.71	-9.590	-8.990	-10.190	> 31	9.126	0.393	α
307 ₁₂₈	16.70	—	-8.76	-8.86	-8.910	-9.180	-9.590	> 31	8.772	-0.006	α
308 ₁₂₈	16.58	—	-9.65	-8.71	-9.630	-9.020	-10.190	> 31	8.541	0.559	α
309 ₁₂₈	16.10	—	-7.85	-8.09	-8.040	-8.310	-8.820	> 31	8.355	0.116	α
310 ₁₂₈	15.79	—	-8.41	-7.65	-8.430	-7.830	-9.130	> 31	8.497	0.575	α
311 ₁₂₈	15.28	—	-6.49	-6.93	-6.730	-7.000	-7.660	> 31	7.790	1.954	α
312 ₁₂₈	15.02	—	-7.11	-6.55	-7.170	-6.570	-7.020	> 31	7.478	0.891	α
313 ₁₂₈	14.72	9.29	-5.50	-6.09	-5.780	-6.060	-6.810	> 31	7.155	0.501	α
314 ₁₂₈	14.58	10.02	-6.33	-5.89	-6.440	-5.830	-7.350	> 31	6.810	1.121	α
315 ₁₂₈	14.77	8.22	-5.61	-6.18	-5.920	-6.200	-6.900	> 31	6.453	0.755	α
316 ₁₂₈	14.48	9.22	-6.14	-5.73	-6.290	-5.680	-7.190	> 31	6.138	1.375	α
317 ₁₂₈	13.49	7.50	-3.13	-4.07	-3.490	-3.770	-4.780	> 31	14.772	-1.291	α
318 ₁₂₈	7.74	8.15	13.61	11.08	13.320	13.900	9.680	> 31	5.794	1.516	β
319 ₁₂₈	7.15	> 20	17.61	13.57	17.080	16.790	12.930	> 31	5.472	1.156	β
320 ₁₂₈	4.63	> 20	35.12	29.37	34.670	35.210	28.050	> 31	5.201	1.777	β
321 ₁₂₈	4.59	> 20	36.57	29.70	35.890	35.580	29.130	> 31	4.960	1.392	β
322 ₁₂₈	12.68	> 20	-2.46	-2.59	-2.730	-2.130	-4.050	> 31	4.704	2.017	α
323 ₁₂₈	12.49	4.36	-0.97	-2.23	-1.440	-1.720	-2.940	> 31	4.412	1.670	α
324 ₁₂₈	12.42	2.41	-1.86	-2.08	-2.170	-1.570	-3.530	29.806	4.097	2.342	α
325 ₁₂₈	12.29	0.94	-0.49	-1.83	-1.000	-1.290	-2.530	27.201	3.783	2.030	α
326 ₁₂₈	12.37	2.01	-1.75	-1.99	-2.100	-1.500	-3.440	24.418	3.482	2.719	α
327 ₁₂₈	12.41	0.72	-0.76	-2.06	-1.300	-1.590	-2.760	21.456	3.352	2.308	α
328 ₁₂₈	13.24	1.64	-3.67	-3.63	-4.050	-3.440	-5.090	18.316	4.091	2.352	α
329 ₁₂₈	12.47	0.66	-0.92	-2.19	-1.490	-1.780	-2.900	14.998	2.853	2.672	α
330 ₁₂₈	12.19	1.81	-1.32	-1.62	-1.740	-1.130	-3.070	11.502	2.608	3.368	α
331 ₁₂₈	12.11	1.02	-0.06	-1.46	-0.680	-0.960	-2.170	7.828	2.158	3.278	α
332 ₁₂₈	11.79	2.27	-0.32	-0.78	-0.790	-0.180	-2.220	3.975	1.953	3.986	α
333 ₁₂₈	11.56	1.21	1.31	-0.29	0.660	0.370	-0.990	-0.055	1.815	3.639	α /SF
334 ₁₂₈	12.05	2.06	-0.98	-1.34	-1.480	-0.870	-2.790	-4.264	2.081	3.857	SF
335 ₁₂₈	12.00	0.33	0.22	-1.23	-0.460	-0.750	-1.930	-8.650	1.896	3.553	SF
336 ₁₂₈	11.98	1.06	-0.80	-1.18	-1.320	-0.710	-2.630	-13.215	1.725	4.245	SF
337 ₁₂₈	11.79	0.37	0.73	-0.79	0.020	-0.270	-1.480	-17.957	1.538	3.976	SF
338 ₁₂₈	11.66	0.04	-0.01	-0.51	-0.580	0.030	-1.960	-22.877	1.336	4.746	SF

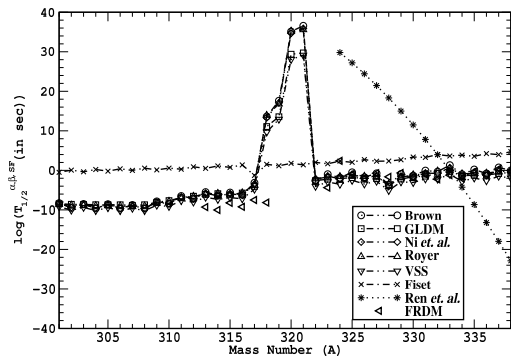


FIG. 1: $\log(T_{1/2})$ for α -decay, β -decay and SF plotted against the mass number for the isotopic chain of $Z=128$ in the mass range 301 to 338.

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